16. forum vergabe Gespräche 18.-20.9.2013

"Zugangsbeschränkungen für Waren oder Unternehmen aus Drittstaaten?"

RA Ulrich Paetzold FIEC







1905 1st meeting

29 countries 33 federations

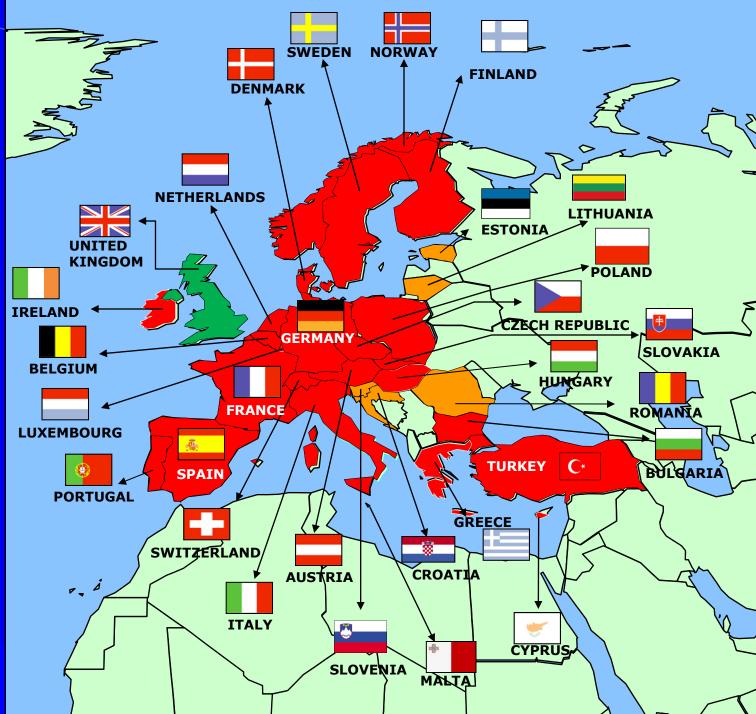
Enterprises

- of all sizes
- active in all fields of building and civil engineering



Observer member

Co-operation Agreement



Market Access Regulation Council adoption unlikely, unless ...

"Nice"	needs	for	against	sceptic	unde- cided
Memb. States	173 / 345	147	155	24	19
block. min.	91 /345 38% pop	44,2%	50,3%	3,1%	2,5%



General Remarks

Trade and Public Procurement some clarification

- FIEC is in favour of
 - fair competition
 - on open markets
 - world-wide



Trade and Public Procurement some basics

- differenciate
 - for "defensive" interests
 - ⇒ Abnormally Low Tenders (but ...)

- for "offensive" interests
 - ⇒ giving good example?



- possible ways forward:
 - discussions, good example, hope?
 - ⇒ no real success, despite x years
 - try something else!
 - ⇒ strengthen EU position
 - ⇒ show EU willing/ able to defend

- "would be the wrong message"?
- any better message available?
 - do not worry, just continue
 - we will never defend ourselves
 other than by political correctness
 - if necessary, we will reconsider!!

- protection = protectionism? No!
 - protection: against unfair practice
 - protectionism: also against fair pr.

- Example: surgical interventions
 - GBH, but necessary for health



- risk of retaliation?
 - of course, always!
 - Sectors <u>afraid</u> of retaliation tend to enjoy open markets,
 - those not afraid do face barriers
- Who is to be sacrificed?



- "EU market fundamentally open"?
 - de facto, statement +/- correct
 - de iure, no legal basis (despite ...)
 - If markets were open de iure, why IM directives and trade negot.?
- No "leverage", no opening!



- Undermine EU's credibility?
 - No, on the contrary, as long as
 - targeted, specific and adequate
 - showing that aim is opening markets and not protectionism



- Trade Defence Instruments?
 - there is no anti-dumping procedure for services (incl. construction)
 - creating one would take decades
 - extension of existing procedures to services would be inappropriate

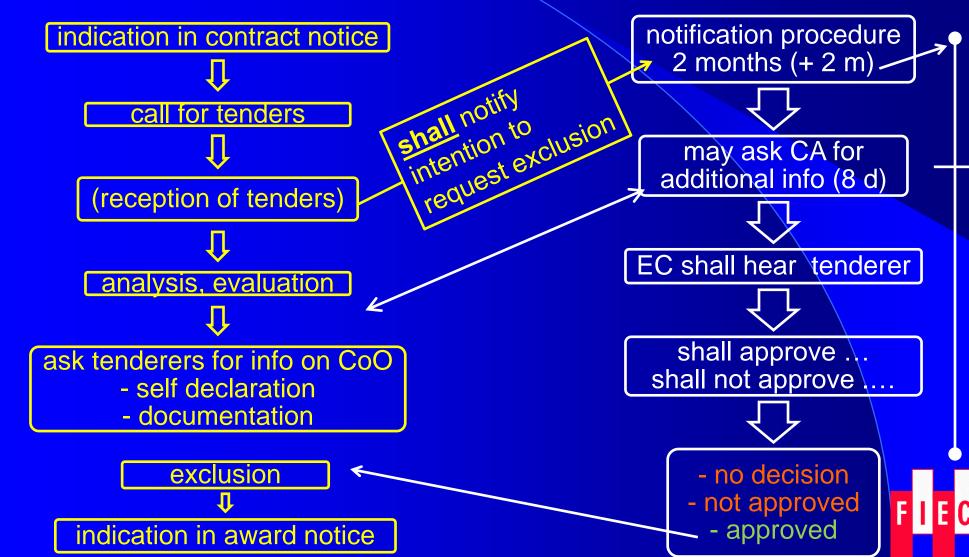
The Regulation

Market Access Regulation 3 main instruments (plus procedures)

- Art. 6, concerning specific tender,
 "Contracting Authority measure"
- Art. 8-10, concerning specific market "European Commission measure"
- Art. 7, Abnormally Low Tenders



Market Access Regulation Art. 6 "Contracting Authority measure"



Market Access Regulation Art. 8 ff "European Commission measure"

- EC considers "in the interest of the Union"
- upon application of interested parties
- upon application of a Member State



EC: External Procurement Investigation (9m +3)

- based on the criteria laid down in Art. 6 ("CA proc.")

Restrictive procurement measures maintained?



= investigation terminated

Article 9

YES + if EC considers "justified by the EU interest" = invitation to enter into consultations (max. 15m)



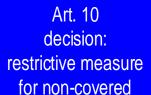
Market Access Regulation Art. 9 "Consultation of a third country"

invitation to enter into consultations

third country declines

GPA or FTA

third country takes satisfactory measures it appears that conclusion of internat. agreemt. is most appropriate third country undertakes, w EU international commitments third country
has engaged in
substantive
negotiations PP



follow procedures

EC may suspend or terminate consultation negotiations in accord. with Art. 207 and 218 TFEU GPA bilateral agreem. expansion of comm. also if phasing out EC may adopt implementing act if impossible to exclude (Art.6)

after 15 months no satisfactory results:

- EC shall terminate consultation and
- consider acting under Art. 10



EC may terminate consultation



Market Access Regulation Art. 10 "Adoption of measures"

lack of substantial reciprocity (as defined in Art. 6.4)

EC may adopt implementing acts

measures may be limited to certain defined

- categories of contracting authorities/ entites
 - catgeories of goods or services
 - thresholds

exclusion of tenders

- more than 50% of total value originating in the third country

mandatory price penalty



Market Access Regulation Art. 8-10 "Eur. Commission measure"

Committee procedure (Art. 17)

- EC shall be assisted by
 - Advisory Committee Public Contracts "CCMP"
 - Trade Barriers Regulation Committee "TBRC"
- by 1. both, 2. the one, 3. the other



Market Access Regulation Art. 7 "Abnormally Low Tenders"

- If CA intends to accept ALT (no!)
 - after verifying explanations of tenderer
 - if non-covered > 50% of value
- then CA shall <u>inform</u> the other tenderers
 - incl. reasons for ALT character
- → Not really efficient!
- → Art. 69 "class" changes nothing!



Market Access Regulation "COVEC" test

- Would the proposed rules help? No!
- The rules do not provide for
 - forcing CA or EC to <u>commence</u> proced.
 - recourse to have decisions checked
- All depends on CA/ EC willingness and "the interest of the Union"

Market Access and today?

- A Contracting Authority
 may exclude a non-covered tender
 - without any reason other than that
 - without any specific procedure
- Practice in several countries
 - confirmed by national courts
 - no known infringement procedure!



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